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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/008,887	11/08/2001		Jeong-Kyu Moon	678-665 (9721)	5279
28249	7590	12/09/2004		EXAMINER	
DILWORT 333 EARLE		RRESE, LLP	GAUTHIER, GERALD		
	IONDALE, NY 11553			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•			2645	

DATE MAILED: 12/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	Office Action Summany	10/008,887	MOON, JEONG-KYU					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Gerald Gauthier	2645					
Period for	 The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply 	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address					
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p et to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by perly received by the Office later than three months after the d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. a reply within the statutory minimum of this period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	eation.				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	10 August 2004.		•				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.						
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the applicated Aa) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	hdrawn from consideration.						
Application	on Papers							
9)[] 7	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` ·					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the c The oath or declaration is objected to by the		• • • • •					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)[] <i>A</i>	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents of the priority documents. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Beethe attached detailed Office action for	ments have been received. ments have been received in a priority documents have beer ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage	}				
Attachment		л П., .	0					
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S No(s)/Mail Date	8) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Whalen et al. (US 5,948,066) in view of Warsta et al. (US 5,896,369).

Regarding **claim 1**, Whalen discloses a network access control method in a mobile communication terminal with a built-in web browser (column 1, lines 6-9), comprising the steps of:

- (a) upon receipt of an access request from a user, accessing a web server through a network (column 3, lines 38-67) [The mobile user opens a URL, the browser 12 submits an HTTP request to the mobile client 10 which in turn accesses the fixed server over the narrow-band communication link];
- (b) displaying a web document from the web server (column 4, lines 33-36)
 [The HTML page document is made available to the browser 12 to be properly display to the mobile user];
- (c) upon receipt of an operation command from the user, while displaying the web document, performing an operation according to the operation command

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(column 7, lines 16-28) [The mobile user can quickly access the general information and has the opportunity to cancel the request or submit a different request before the completion of the page to be completed by the mobile client 10]; and

(e) repeating step (a-d), (column 7, lines 16-28) [The general information of the mobile client 10 gives the mobile user an opportunity to submit a different request repeating steps a-c].

Whalen discloses allowing the mobile user to cancel the request but fails to disclose temporarily releasing an access to the network, upon failure to receive any web related operation command from the user for a predetermined time after displaying the web document.

However, Warsta teaches temporarily releasing an access to the network, upon failure to receive any web related operation command from the user for a predetermined time after displaying the web document (column 6, lines 11-32) [The remote workstation 4 software releases the connection automatically when a sufficiently long break at a predetermined period of time, has occurred in the data communication].

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Whalen using the releasing of access to the network, upon a predetermined period of time as taught by Warsta.

This modification of the invention would offer the capability of temporarily releasing an access to the network after a predetermined period of time so that the system would not allocated the radio resources during silent periods.

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Regarding **claim 2**, Warsta teaches determining if the web related operation command has been entered by the user (column 6, lines 11-32);

determining whether the predetermined time has elapsed (column 6, lines 11-32); and

upon failure to receive the web related operation command from the user before a lapse of the predetermined time, temporarily releasing the network access to the web server to enable the mobile communication terminal to receive an incoming call (column 6, lines 11-32).

Regarding **claim 3**, Whalen disclose upon receipt of the web related operation command from the user, repeating step (a) (column 7, lines 16-28).

Whalen fails to disclose upon receipt of a network access end request from the user, releasing an access to the network.

However, Warsta teaches upon receipt of a network access end request from the user, releasing an access to the network (column 5, lines 63-67).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use upon receipt of a network access end request from the user, releasing an access to the network of Warsta to modify the Internet origin host of Whalen.

The modification of the invention would offer the capability of upon receipt of a network access end request from the user, releasing an access to the network such as the system would not allocated the radio resources during silent periods.

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Regarding **claim 4**, Warsta teaches releasing an access to the network upon receipt of a network access end request from the user in step (d) (column 5, lines 63-67).

Regarding **claim 5**, Whalen discloses wherein the predetermined time is set by the user (column 3, lines 38-67).

Regarding **claim 6**, Whalen discloses wherein the web related operation command is issued when the user inputs a URL, clicks a hyperlink on the displayed web document, or refreshes a displayed web document (column 3, lines 38-67).

Regarding **claim 7**, Whalen discloses wherein the network is the Internet (column 2, lines 56-67).

3. Claims 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Whalen in view of Warsta and in further view of Phillips et al. (US 6,763,015 B1).

Regarding **claim 8**, Whalen and Warsta disclose all the limitations of **claim 8** as stated in **claim 1**'s rejection but fails to disclose the terminal including a controller, a memory, an input and a display means, an audio and a video processor, a signal transmitter, a receiver and a duplexer, and having a built-in web browser.

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However, Phillips teaches the terminal including a controller (42 on FIG. 2), a memory (94 on FIG. 3), an input and a display means (102 on FIG. 3), an audio and a video processor (92 on FIG. 3), a signal transmitter (62 on FIG. 2), a receiver and a duplexer (64 on FIG. 2).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Whalen using the mobile terminal as taught by Phillips.

This modification of the invention would offer the capability of using the mobile terminal of Phillips so that the user would make multiple calls in the network.

Regarding **claim 9**, Whalen discloses wherein the network is the Internet (column 2, lines 56-67).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed on August 10, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicant's remarks on page 2 stated that Warsta does not teach "temporarily releasing an access to the network".

The examiner respectfully disagrees.

Warsta (column 6, lines 11-32) teaches an automatic release of the mobile terminal from the network after a predetermined period of time and the re-establishment of the connection to the network when needed. This limitation described a temporary release of the communication of the network therefore meets the claimed limitation.

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Conclusion

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5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gerald Gauthier whose telephone number is (703) 305-0981. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan Tsang can be reached on (703) 305-4895. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GERALD GAUTHIEM PATENT EXAMINER

g.g. December 5, 2004

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600